# SAFETY DATA SHEET





### 1. Identification

Product identifier BernzOmatic Plumbing Solder, Silver-bearing plumbing solder

Other means of identification

SDS number WC035
Recommended use Plumbing
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Industries Incorporated

Address 1690 Lowery Street, Winston-Salem, NC 27101

**United States** 

cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com

**Telephone number** 1-336-831-8601

Emergency telephone

number

1-703-527-3887 International / CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Domestic

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbolNone.Signal wordNone.Hazard statementNone.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Response** Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage** Store away from incompatible materials.

**Disposal** Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Tin	7440-31-5	90 - 100
Copper	7440-50-8	1 - 10
Silver	7440-22-4	< 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

In case of inhalation of dust or fumes: Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate

medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped,

assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

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Skin contact Contact with dust: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least

15 minutes. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

Contact with dust: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any Eye contact

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Symptoms may include coughing, difficulty breathing and shortness of breath. Overexposure to copper fumes may cause fever, chills, congestion and headaches. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

General fire hazards

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this SDS.

Massive, solid metal: Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Dust: Collect dust or particulates using a vacuum cleaner with a HEPA filter. Use approved industrial vacuum cleaner for removal. Avoid generation and spreading of dust.

Recover and recycle, if practical. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. **Environmental precautions** 

If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National

Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as moisture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product).

Conditions for safe storage. including any incompatibilities Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	PEL	0.01 mg/m3	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	PEL	2 mg/m3	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Valu	es		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
(0.4.0. = 4.40. = 0.0)	T14/4	4 / 0	5 / 1 //

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.	
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3		

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards** 

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.	_
Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	Dust.	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3		

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Exposure guidelines** No exposure standards allocated.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the generation of fume. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear a face shield when working with molten

material.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves (i.e. latex, nitrile, neoprene). Chemical resistant clothing is recommended. Other

Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the Respiratory protection

OEL. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if

there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are recommended when working with molten material.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Silver to silver-gray metallic metal. **Appearance** 

Solid. Physical state **Form** Wire.

Color Silver to gray. Odor Odorless. **Odor threshold** Not applicable. Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

440.96 - 482 °F (227.2 - 250 °C)

range

Not applicable. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Non flammable. Fine particles may form explosive mixtures with air. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure Vapor density

Not applicable.

Relative density

Not applicable. 7.38 (H20=1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient

Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**  Not applicable. Not available.

**Viscosity** 

Not applicable.

Other information

**Explosive properties** 

Not explosive.

**Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** 

Material is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.

Incompatible materials

Chlorine. Turpentine. Magnesium. Acetylene Gas.

Hazardous decomposition

Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

products

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume

Skin contact

Dust may irritate skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Eye contact

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eve.

Ingestion

Ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting. Copper poisoning can result in hemolytic anemia and kidney, liver and spleen damage.

Symptoms related to the

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Symptoms may include coughing, difficulty breathing and shortness of breath. Overexposure to copper fumes may cause fever, chills, congestion and headaches.

Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Information on toxicological effects

SDS US

Acute toxicity High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of

metal fume fever. When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Overexposure of Tin can cause irritation of the eyes, skin, mucous membranes, and respiratory system. Acute overexposure to Copper dust/fume can cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, and skin and under severe fume overexposure can cause metal fume fever with flu-like symptoms such as sweet metal taste, dry throat, coughing, fever and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, blurred vision, back pain, nausea, vomiting, fatigue. Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours. Copper may cause skin and hair discoloration. Inhalation of copper dusts may change the gums and mucous lining of the mouth which is generally attributable to localized tissue effect rather than

general toxicity.

Components Species Test Results

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2.77 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 481 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Dust may irritate skin.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to

the eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization**No sensitizing effects known. **Skin sensitization**No sensitizing effects known.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

**Reproductive toxicity**This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not relevant, due to the form of the product.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis

(stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. Ingestion of silver may cause a permanently benign bluish gray discoloration to the skin (argyria).

Further information No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment.

**Persistence and degradability** The product is not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

**Mobility in soil** Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. **Local disposal regulations**Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Hazardous waste code Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was

used.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) LISTED Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Nο

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Copper	7440-50-8	1 - 10	

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

**US state regulations**This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

## **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

SDS US

Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

Not Listed.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

(PICCS)

07-August-2014 Issue date 30-May-2016 **Revision date** 

Version #

United States & Puerto Rico

**Further information** The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation

methods and test data, if available.

**HMIS®** ratings

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



References **ACGIH** 

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no

guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all

applicable laws and regulations.

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Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).